iso-Propyl Alcohol

PX1830

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Material Safety Data Sheet

24 Hours/Day: 7 Days/Week

iso-Propyl Alcohol

Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product name	: iso-Propyl Alcohol
Product code	: PX1830
Synonym	: Isopropanol; 2-Propanol
Material uses	: Other non-specified industry: Analytical reagent.
Manufacturer	: EMD Chemicals Inc.
	P.O. Box 70
	480 Democrat Road
	Gibbstown, NJ 08027
	856-423-6300 Technical Service
	Monday - Friday: 8:00 - 5:00 PM
Validation date	: 6/2/2006.
Print date	:
In case of emergency	: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA)
	613-996-6666 CANUTEC (Canada)

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Physical state	: Liquid. (Colorless.)
Odor	: Characteristic.
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR
	1910.1200).
Emergency overview	: WARNING!
	HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED.
	CAUSES SEVERE EYE IRRITATION.
	CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: RESPIRATORY TRACT, SKIN,
	CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA.
	FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.
	VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.
	MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.
	MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION.
	Do not ingest. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.
	Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation.
	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Routes of entry	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects	
Eyes	: Severely irritating to eyes.
Skin	: Harmful in contact with skin. Moderately irritating to the skin.
Inhalation	: Toxic by inhalation.
Ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed.
Carcinogenic effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenic effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity / Reproductive	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
toxicity	
Medical conditions aggravated	: Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged
by over-exposure	contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated or
	prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.
Son toxicological information (co	ation 11)

See toxicological information (section 11)

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients		
United States Name	CAS number	% by Weight
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	100

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15
		minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.
		Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse

Inhalation	 for at least 10 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing or wear gloves. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. Move exposed person to fresh air. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the
	person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery
Protection of first-aiders	 position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammability of the product	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Products of combustion	:	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂).
Extinguishing media		
Suitable	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	:	Do not use water jet.
Special exposure hazards	:	Not available.
Special protective equipment for	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus
fire-fighters		(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Special remarks on fire hazards	:	Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Methods for cleaning up	: If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilled material. For small spills, add absorbent (soil may be used in the absence of other suitable materials) and use a non-sparking or explosion-proof means to transfer material to a sealable, appropriate container for disposal. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Place spilled material in an appropriate container for disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling	: Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To
Storage	 avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep
	container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Product name
United States
Isopropyl Alcohol

Exposure limits

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006). Notes: Refers to Appendix A --Carcinogens. ACGIH 2003 Adoption STEL: 400 ppm 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms NIOSH REL (United States, 12/2001).

	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms
	TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hour/hours. Form: All forms TWA: 400 ppm 10 hour/hours. Form: All forms OSHA PEL (United States, 8/1997).
	TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms
	TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms
Consult local authorities for	or acceptable exposure limits.
Engineering measures	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Personal protection	Free comment of the Free comments of the Free comme
Eyes	 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Recommended: splash goggles
Skin	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Body: Recommended: lab coat
Respiratory	 Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hands	 Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: neoprene
Hygiene measures	 Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state	: Liquid. (Colorless.)
Flash point	: Open cup: 11.85°C (53.3°F).
Auto-ignition temperature	: 399°C (750.2°F)
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Molecular weight	: 60.11 g/mole
Molecular formula	: C3-H8-O
Boiling/condensation point	: 82.5°C (180.5°F)
Melting/freezing point	: -88.88°C (-128°F)
Relative density	: 0.785 (Water = 1)
Vapor density	: 2.07 (Air = 1)
Evaporation rate	: 1.7 compared with Butyl acetate.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

: The product is stable.
: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
: carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂)
: Will not occur.
: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and oxidizing materials.
Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.
Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and oxidizing materials.

Section 11. Toxicological Information Toxicity data

United States						
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Route	Species		
Isopropyl Alcohol	LD50	5000 mg/kg	Oral	Rat		
	LD50	5045 mg/kg	Oral	Rat		
	LD50	6410 mg/kg	Oral	Rabbit		
	LD50	12800 mg/kg	Dermal	Rabbit		
	LDLo	1537 mg/kg	Oral	Dog		
	LDLo	3570 mg/kg	Oral	human		
	LDLo	5272 mg/kg	Oral	man		
Chronic effects on humans	: CARCINOGE	NIC EFFECTS: A4 (N	lot classifiable for h	umans or animals.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not		
		numans.) by IARC.		-		
	Causes damage	to the following organs	: upper respiratory	tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS),		
	eye, lens or corr	nea.				
Other toxic effects on humans	ans : Extremely hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant).					
	Very hazardous	in case of ingestion, of	inhalation.			
	Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator).					
Specific effects						
Carcinogenic effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Mutagenic effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Teratogenicity / Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Sensitization						
Ingestion	: No known sign	ificant effects or critical	l hazards.			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Eyes	: Severely irritating to eyes.					
Skin	: Moderately irrit	ating to the skin.				
	-					

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity data				
United States				
Product/ingredient name	Species	Period	Result	
Isopropyl Alcohol	Pimephales promelas (EC50)	48 hour/hours	10000 mg/l	
	Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)	96 hour/hours	>1400 mg/l	
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	6550 mg/l	
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	9640 mg/l	
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	10400 mg/l	
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	11130 mg/l	
Environmental precautions Products of degradation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
	² These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) and water.			
Toxicity of the products of biodegradation	: The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.			

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport Information Regulatory information DOT Classification UN number UN1219 Proper shipping name ISOPROPANOL Class 3 PG* Label II Additional information Not available. PG* : Packing group PG* : Packing group Section 14. Transport Information Section 14. Transport Information Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

nited States HCS Classification	: Flammable liquid					
	Toxic material					
	Irritating material					
U.S. Ecdorel regulations	Target organ effects					
U.S. Federal regulations	 TSCA 8(b) inventory: Listed SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous su 	ubstances: No products we	ere found			
		SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Isopropyl Alcohol				
	SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical in	nventory - hazard identific	ation: Isopropyl Alcohol :			
	Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, D					
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were					
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were	e found.				
		Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.				
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable					
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substa	ances: No products were f	ound.			
ARA 313		C 10 1	a			
Farm D. Dan and	Product name	CAS number	Concentration			
Form R - Repor	rung					
requirements	Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	100			
Supplier notifica		07-03-0	100			
Supplier notified	Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	100			
SARA 313 notifications mus	t not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and					
	ce attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistr					
State regulations	: Pennsylvania RTK: Isopropyl Alcohol : (envir		environmental hazard)			
-	Massachusetts RTK: Isopropyl Alcohol	-				
	New Jersey: Isopropyl Alcohol					
inada						
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class B-2: Flammable liquid					
	Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effec	ts (Toxic).				
CEPA DSL/CEPA NDSL	Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effec : CEPA DSL: Isopropyl Alcohol		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
CEPA DSL/CEPA NDSL nis product has been classifie	Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effec		e information required			
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Section 16. Other Information Label requirements : WARNING!

: WARNING! HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED. CAUSES SEVERE EYE IRRITATION. CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: RESPIRATORY TRACT, SKIN, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA. FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. **National Fire Protection**

Association (U.S.A.)

:

VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. 3 Flammability Health 1 0 Instability

Health	1	0	Instal
		5	Special

Notice to reader

The statements contained herein are based upon technical data that EMD Chemicals Inc. believes to be reliable, are offered for information purposes only and as a guide to the appropriate precautionary and emergency handling of the material by a properly trained person having the necessary technical skills. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use, storage and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment. EMD CHEMICALS INC. MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE, WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS.